AC-DC Power Supplies Enclosed Type Instruction Manual



WBA

1	Fu	inctions	WBA-12
	1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7	Input Voltage Range Inrush Current Limiting Overcurrent Protection Overvoltage Protection Thermal Protection Output Ripple Noise Output Voltage Adjustment Isolation Low Power Consumption	WBA-12 WBA-12 WBA-12 WBA-13 WBA-13
2	Pa	rallel Operation	WBA-13
	١		
3	Lif	e Expectancy and Warranty	WBA-13
4	l Gr	ound	WBA-13
	l Gi	Odria	
5	Op	otions and Others	WBA-13
	5.1 5.2	Outline of Options Others	WBA-13 WBA-14

WBA

1 Functions

1.1 Input Voltage Range

- ■Power factor correction is not built-in.
- ■If the input voltage is outside the rated range, the power supply may malfunction operate in accordance with the specifications and/or start hunting or fail.
- ■If the input voltage changes suddenly, the output voltage may go outside the specifications. Consult us for more details.
- ■The range is from 170VAC to 305VAC In cases that conform with safety standard, input voltage range is 200VAC to 277VAC (50/60Hz).
- ■The power supply can work at the input voltage dip with the derating (Excluding WBA350B).

Table 1.1 SEMI F47-0706 Maximum output load factor

Voltage Dip	duration [ms]	WBA35B	WBA75B	WBA150B
200VAC→100VAC	200	100%	80%	80%
200VAC→140VAC	500	100%	100%	100%
200VAC→160VAC	1000	100%	100%	100%

1.2 Inrush Current Limiting

- ■Inrush current protection is built-in.
- ■If you need to use a switch on the input side, select one that can withstand an input inrush current.
- ■Thermistor is used in the inrush current limiting circuit. When you turn the power supply on and off repeatedly, have enough intervals for the power supply to cool down before being turned on again.

1.3 Overcurrent Protection

- ■Overcurrent protection is built-in. It works at more than 105% of the rated output current. The power supply recovers automatically when the overcurrent condition is removed. Do not use the power supply under a short-circuit or overcurrent condition.
- Hiccup Operation Mode When overcurrent protection works and the output voltage drops, the output voltage goes into Hiccup mode so that the average output current can decrease.

1.4 Overvoltage Protection

■Overvoltage protection is built-in.

Remarks: Please avoid applying a voltage exceeding the rated voltage to an output terminal. Doing so may cause a power supply to malfunction or fail.

If you cannot avoid doing so, for example, if you need to operate a motor, etc., please install an external diode on the output terminal to protect the unit.

WBA35B WBA75B WBA150B

■If the overvoltage protection circuit is activated, shut down the input voltage, wait at least 3 minutes and turn on the AC input again to recover the output voltage. Recovery time varies depending on such factors as input voltage value at the time of the operation.

●WBA350B

■The unit automatically recovers when the fault condition is removed.

1.5 Thermal protection

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■Thermal protection is built-in.

Thermal protection will work under the following conditions and the power supply will shut down.

• When the operating temperature and the output current greatly exceed the derating curve.

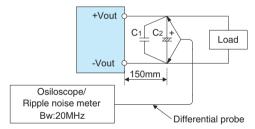
When the built-in cooling fan stops or the air flow from the fan is obstructed.

If thermal protection works, switch off the input voltage and eliminate the conditions causing thermal protection to work. Allow enough time for the unit to cool off before switching on the input voltage again to recover the output voltage.

1.6 Output Ripple Noise

Output ripple noise may be influenced by the measuring environment.

The measuring method shown in Fig. 1.1 is recommended.



C1 : Film capacitor 0.1 μ F

C2 : Aluminum electrolytic capacitor 47 μ F

Fig.1.1 Measuring method of Ripple Noise

Remarks: When measuring output ripple noise with an oscilloscope, do not let the oscilloscope's GND cable cross the magnetic flux from the power supply. Otherwise there may be electrical potential generated on the GND cable and the measuring result may not be accurate.

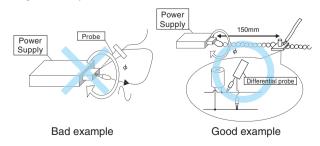


Fig.1.2 Example of measuring output ripple noise

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1.7 Output Voltage Adjustment

- ■The output voltage can be adjusted within the specified range by turning the built-in potentiometer clockwise (up) or counterclockwise (down).
- ■Please operate the potentiometer slowly.

1.8 Isolation

■For a receiving inspection, such as Hi-Pot test, gradually increase (decrease) the voltage for the start (shut down). Avoid using Hi-Pot tester with the timer because it may generate voltage a few times higher than the applied voltage, at ON/OFF of a timer.

1.9 Low Power Consumption

WBA35B WBA75B WBA150B

- ■These power supplies are designed for low power consumption at no load.
- ■When the load factor is low (lo:0-20%typ), the switching power loss is reduced by burst operation, which will cause ripple and ripple noise to go beyond the specifications.
- ■Ripple noise during burst operation will change depending on the input voltage and the output current. Consult us for advice on how to reduce ripple noise.
- ■When there is a need to measure the stand-by power consumption, measure it by using the average mode of the tester. The measuring environment may influence the result. Consult us for more details.

2 Parallel Operation

■Redundant operation is possible by wiring as shown below.

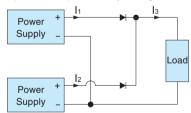


Fig.2.1 Example of redundancy operation

■Even a slight difference in output voltage can affect the balance between the values of I_1 and I_2 .

Make sure the value of I₃ does not exceed the rated output current of the power supply.

I₃≤the rated current value

■Parallel operation is not possible.

3 Life Expectancy and Warranty

■Expected Life

The expected life of the power supply is shown below.

WBA35B WBA75B WBA150B

Table 3.1 Expected lifetime (WBA35B WBA75B WBA150B)

ſ			Expected lifetime [years]		
	Cooling Method	Average ambient temperature	Load factor Io≦75%	Load factor 75% <lo≦100%< td=""></lo≦100%<>	
Со	Convection	Ta = 30°C or less	5	5	
	Convection	Ta = 40°C	5	3	

WBA350B

Table 3.2 Expected lifetime (WBA350B)

	Average ambient temperature	Expected lifetime [years]		
Cooling Method		Load factor Io≦75%	Load factor 75% <lo≦100%< td=""></lo≦100%<>	
Forced air cooling	$Ta = 40^{\circ}C$ or less	5	5	
(internal fan)	Ta = 50°C	5	3	

^{*} this lifetime includes a built-in fan lifetime

4 Ground

■When installing the power supply, make sure the FG terminal and the chassis are connected to the safety earth ground.

5 Options and Others

5.1 Outline of Options

·With the -C option, the internal PCB has a conformal coating for anti-humidity.

- · With the -G option, the leakage current of the power supply is reduced.
- ·The differences between the option -G models and the standard models are shown below.

Table 5.1 Low leakage current type (WBA35B WBA75B)

LEAKAGE CURRENT [mA]	0.10 max
CONDUCTED NOISE	Complies with CISPR32 (EN55032) class A

Table 5.2 Low leakage current type (WBA150B WBA350B)

LEAKAGE CURRENT [mA]	0.15 max
CONDUCTED NOISE	Complies with CISPR32 (EN55032) class A

- ·Option -T1 models have horizontally positioned screws on a termial block.
- · Please contact us for details about appearance.







5.2 Others

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- ■Note that the case of the power supply remains hot for a while after it is turned off.
- ■If large capacitors are connected to the output terminals (load side), the output voltage may stop or become unstable. Consult us for advice.
- ■If the power supply is turned off at no load, the output voltage remains for a few minutes as the power supply is designed for low internal power consumption. Be careful of electrical shock at the time of maintenance.